Survivorship – Testicular Cancer: Germ Cell

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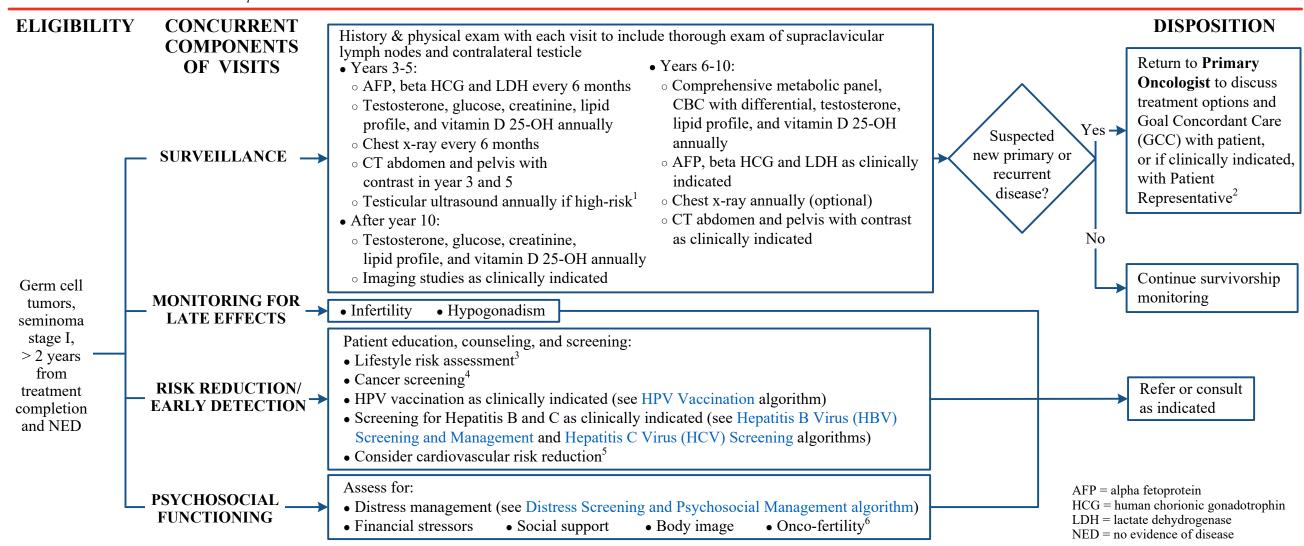
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RPLND = retroperitoneal lymph node dissection

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Annual ultrasound of contralateral testicle if one of the following is present: diagnosis of seminoma and < 30 years old when diagnosed or testicular maldescent or infertility

²GCC should be initiated by the **Primary Oncologist**. If Primary Oncologist is unavailable, Primary Team/Attending Physician to initiate GCC discussion and notify Primary Oncologist. Patients, or if clinically indicated, the Patient Representative should be informed of therapeutic and/or palliative options. GCC discussion should be consistent, timely, and re-evaluated as clinically indicated. The Advance Care Planning (ACP) note should be used to document GCC discussion. Refer to GCC home page (for internal use only).

³ See Physical Activity, Nutrition, and Tobacco Cessation Treatment algorithms; ongoing reassessment of lifestyle risks should be a part of routine clinical practice

⁴Includes colorectal, liver, lung, pancreatic, prostate, and skin cancer screening

⁵Consider use of Vanderbilt's ABCDE's approach to cardiovascular health

⁶ For additional resources consider a referral to the Adolescent and Young Adult (AYA) Clinic Department of Clinical Effectiveness V9

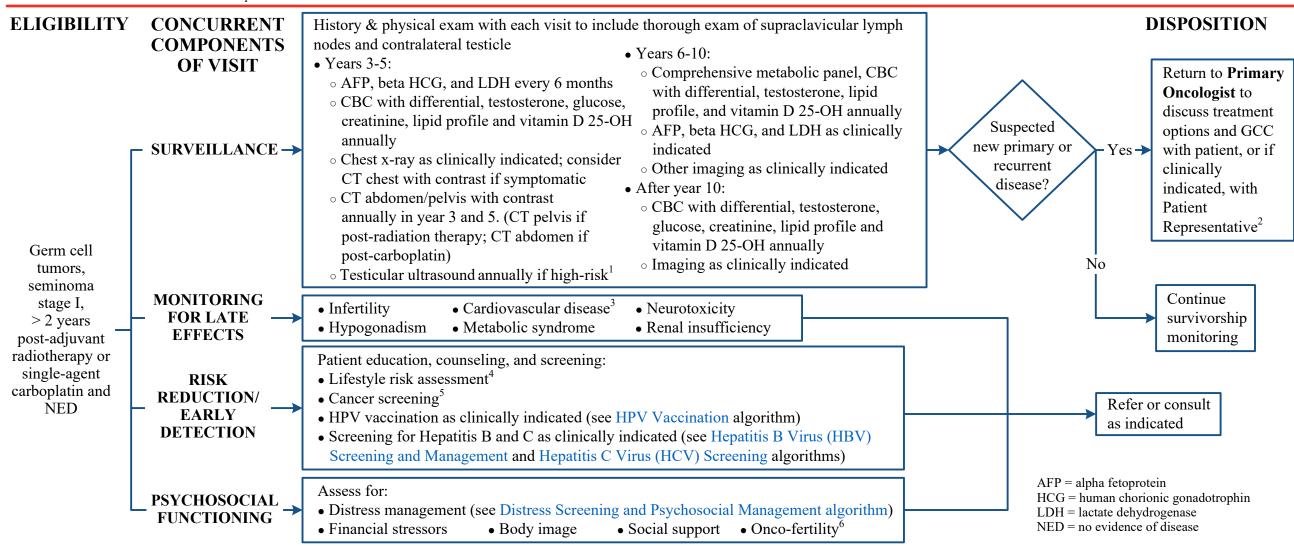
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Survivorship – Testicular Cancer: Germ Cell Seminoma Stage I Post Adjuvant Chemotherapy or Radiation

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Er Seminoma Stage I Post Adjuvant Chemotherapy or Radiation Therapy



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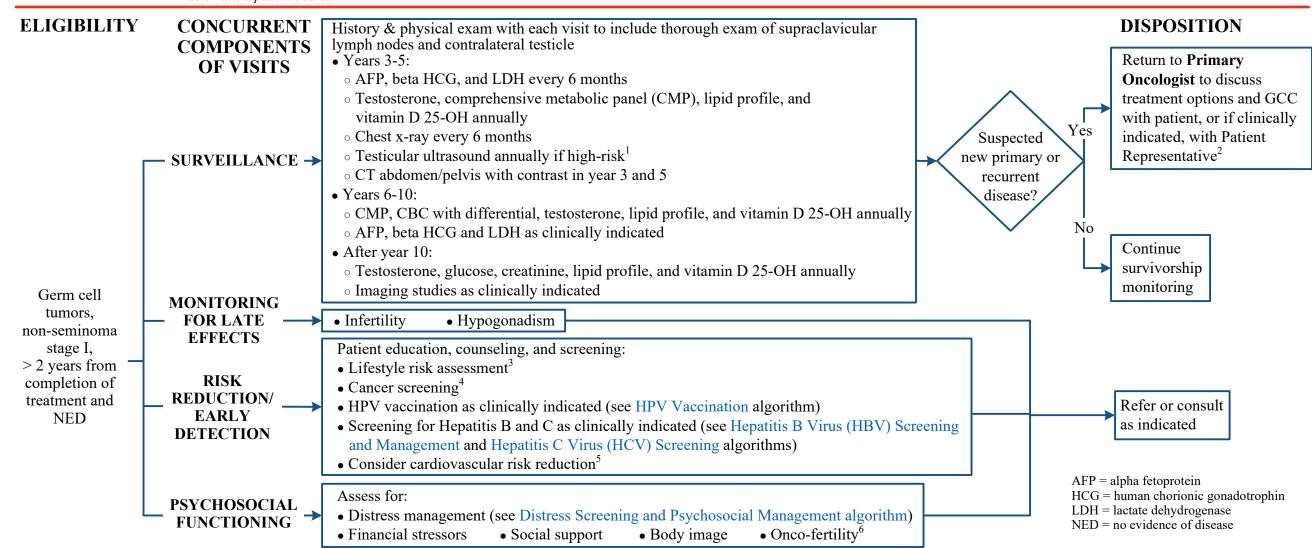
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MD Anderson Survivorship – Testicular Cancer: Germ Cell Non-Seminoma Stage I Surveillance

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Annual ultrasound of contralateral testicle if one of the following is present: diagnosis of seminoma and < 30 years old when diagnosed or testicular maldescent or infertility

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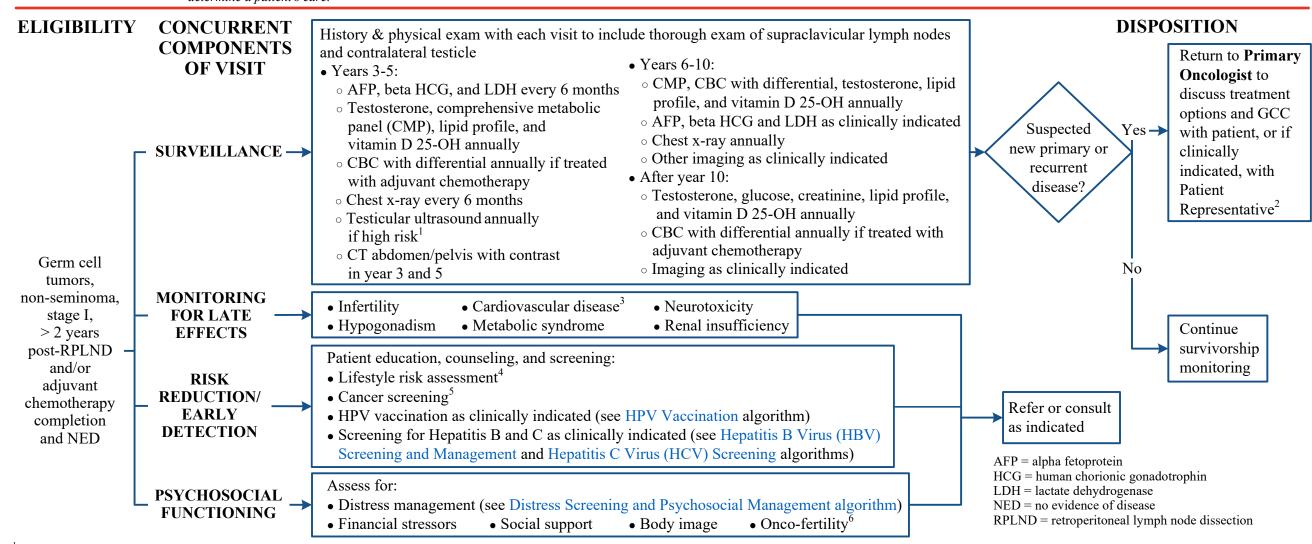
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MD Anderson Survivorship – Testicular Cancer: Germ Cell Cancer Center Non-Seminoma Stage I Post-RPLND and/or Adjuvant Chemotherapy

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Annual ultrasound of contralateral testicle if one of the following is present: diagnosis of seminoma and less than 30 years old when diagnosed or testicular maldescent, or infertility

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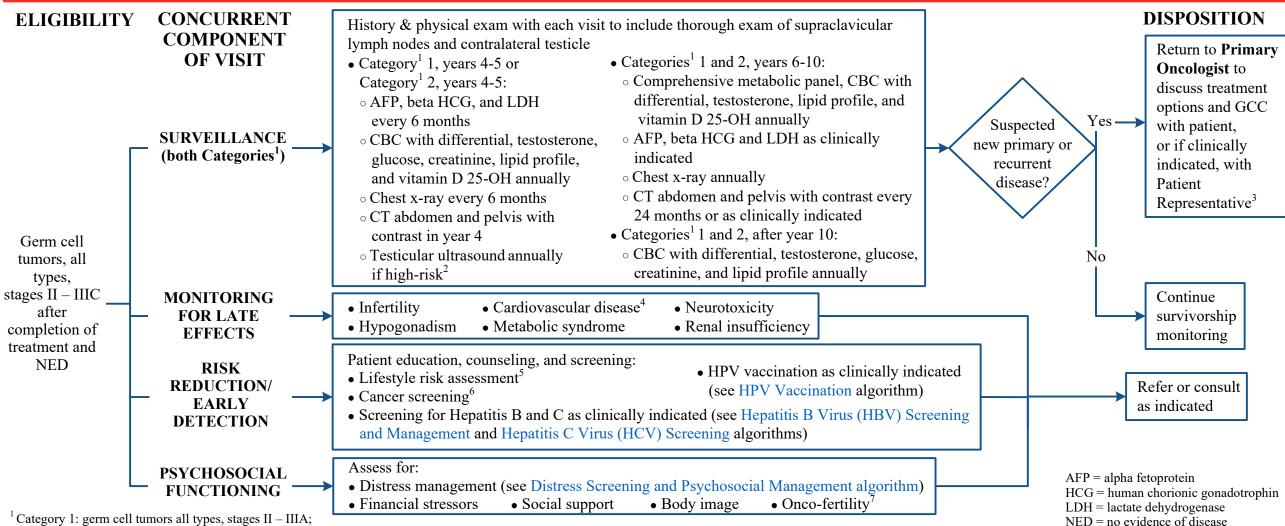
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MD Anderson Survivorship – Testicular Cancer: Germ Cell All types, Stages II-IIIC

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no evidence of disease at years 4-5. Category 2: germ cell tumors all types, stages IIIB and IIIC; no evidence of disease at years 4-5

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DEVELOPMENT CREDITS

This survivorship algorithm is based on majority expert opinion of the Genitourinary Survivorship workgroup at The University of Texas MD Anderson Cancer Center. It was developed using a multidisciplinary approach that included input from the following:

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